



Crop Progress

ISSN: 1948-3007

Released November 27, 2023, by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, United States Department of Agriculture (USDA).

Special Note

Data collection is currently underway for NASS’ annual December surveys on crops and livestock. During the first two weeks of December, NASS will survey more than 80,000 United States producers. One of USDA’s largest survey efforts, the responses will provide the final information about 2023 U.S. row crops focusing on harvested acreage, production, and storage. In addition, hog producers will be asked about their current inventory, pig crop, and farrowing intentions for the next six months. The results will be available beginning with the *Hogs and Pigs* report on December 22, followed by the *Annual Crop Production Summary* and other reports on January 12. County level row crop estimates will be released later in 2024. **Farmers should watch for their survey and be sure to respond. Your information matters!**

Today’s publication is the last weekly Crop Progress report issued for the 2023 season. The first weekly report for 2024 will be released on Monday, April 1, 2024.

Corn Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 94% of the 2022 corn acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 26, 2022	November 19, 2023	November 26, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	98	91	95	98
Illinois	99	97	99	97
Indiana	98	90	95	95
Iowa	100	97	99	96
Kansas	100	100	100	98
Kentucky	100	95	99	99
Michigan	94	67	79	83
Minnesota	100	97	98	97
Missouri	99	97	99	98
Nebraska	100	95	98	97
North Carolina	100	100	100	100
North Dakota	100	87	93	82
Ohio	95	81	86	89
Pennsylvania	89	70	80	87
South Dakota	100	93	96	91
Tennessee	100	98	99	100
Texas	100	100	100	99
Wisconsin	86	78	85	85
18 States	99	93	96	95

Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 98% of the 2022 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 26, 2022	November 19, 2023	November 26, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	90	89	91	86
Arizona	67	62	70	72
Arkansas	100	100	100	99
California	98	75	80	91
Georgia	85	67	78	79
Kansas	90	73	80	63
Louisiana	100	100	100	99
Mississippi	100	99	100	96
Missouri	98	98	99	96
North Carolina	93	86	92	84
Oklahoma	83	74	84	78
South Carolina	78	73	84	77
Tennessee	94	95	96	92
Texas	76	68	74	73
Virginia	90	71	84	83
15 States	83	77	83	79

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 96% of the 2022 peanut acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 26, 2022	November 19, 2023	November 26, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	99	94	96	96
Florida	100	97	98	99
Georgia	98	92	97	97
North Carolina	100	97	98	94
Oklahoma	97	97	100	93
South Carolina	98	91	97	92
Texas	86	75	85	84
Virginia	100	100	100	99
8 States	97	92	96	95

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 87% of the 2022 sunflower acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 26, 2022	November 19, 2023	November 26, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	96	96	98	95
Kansas	96	90	92	93
North Dakota	95	72	82	82
South Dakota	99	80	89	84
4 States	98	78	86	84

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 88% of the 2022 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2018-2022 Average
	November 26, 2022	November 19, 2023	November 26, 2023	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	84	77	90	82
California	54	35	40	47
Colorado	100	95	96	96
Idaho	97	100	100	98
Illinois	83	90	93	90
Indiana	92	81	89	91
Kansas	86	91	93	90
Michigan	100	86	93	93
Missouri	91	81	92	82
Montana	99	95	97	91
Nebraska	100	100	100	100
North Carolina	71	60	76	63
Ohio	96	95	99	96
Oklahoma	94	89	94	93
Oregon	89	80	85	82
South Dakota	94	96	100	98
Texas	84	73	78	80
Washington	97	100	100	95
18 States	90	87	91	89

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 26, 2023

[These 18 States planted 88% of the 2022 winter wheat acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	3	5	34	51	7
California	-	-	-	30	70
Colorado	-	2	33	59	6
Idaho	1	1	16	81	1
Illinois	2	5	21	57	15
Indiana	1	4	25	61	9
Kansas	16	16	36	28	4
Michigan	-	10	44	39	7
Missouri	-	5	24	65	6
Montana	-	5	37	21	37
Nebraska	3	11	37	40	9
North Carolina	-	1	28	66	5
Ohio	-	2	18	65	15
Oklahoma	1	6	40	50	3
Oregon	-	23	40	33	4
South Dakota	4	4	40	46	6
Texas	9	10	35	35	11
Washington	2	9	37	42	10
18 States	6	9	35	41	9
Previous week	7	10	35	39	9
Previous year	10	16	40	28	6

- Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Week ending		
	November 26, 2022	November 19, 2023	November 26, 2023
	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)
Alabama	4.5	5.0	4.6
Arizona	7.0	7.0	7.0
Arkansas	4.2	5.9	4.9
California	7.0	6.9	6.8
Colorado	6.4	6.7	4.4
Connecticut	5.0	6.0	4.8
Delaware	4.0	7.0	5.0
Florida	6.6	4.9	6.2
Georgia	5.5	5.2	5.3
Idaho	4.5	3.8	3.2
Illinois	5.7	6.9	6.0
Indiana	5.3	6.1	5.5
Iowa	6.2	6.8	6.1
Kansas	6.3	6.4	4.9
Kentucky	5.4	6.3	5.4
Louisiana	4.2	5.5	5.8
Maine	4.0	5.5	2.0
Maryland	4.5	7.0	5.0
Massachusetts	6.0	6.0	5.0
Michigan	4.5	6.0	4.3
Minnesota	4.0	6.3	5.8
Mississippi	2.8	5.8	5.3
Missouri	5.2	6.8	5.1
Montana	0.5	5.8	5.4
Nebraska	6.6	6.5	5.1
Nevada	7.0	7.0	6.3
New Hampshire	7.0	7.0	2.0
New Jersey	6.0	7.0	6.5
New Mexico	6.5	6.8	6.8
New York	3.0	4.5	4.0
North Carolina	4.8	7.0	4.4
North Dakota	3.1	5.9	5.8
Ohio	5.2	5.4	4.0
Oklahoma	4.7	5.9	5.4
Oregon	6.8	5.3	5.5
Pennsylvania	6.0	6.5	4.5
Rhode Island	7.0	7.0	6.0
South Carolina	5.8	6.3	5.0
South Dakota	5.8	6.9	6.2
Tennessee	4.9	6.3	5.1
Texas	4.2	5.5	5.9
Utah	6.3	5.9	6.0
Vermont	3.8	5.0	2.0
Virginia	5.5	6.8	5.0
Washington	3.5	4.7	5.1
West Virginia	3.8	5.8	4.6
Wisconsin	5.2	6.4	5.9
Wyoming	5.6	6.5	5.4

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 26, 2023

[National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	48	26	23	3
Arizona	16	2	82	-
Arkansas	6	14	61	19
California	5	10	85	-
Colorado	20	41	38	1
Connecticut	-	-	90	10
Delaware	2	10	86	2
Florida	1	15	73	11
Georgia	10	28	58	4
Idaho	-	7	90	3
Illinois	13	34	46	7
Indiana	11	31	56	2
Iowa	22	45	33	-
Kansas	28	33	35	4
Kentucky	9	33	57	1
Louisiana	20	52	28	-
Maine	-	-	55	45
Maryland	2	11	83	4
Massachusetts	-	-	98	2
Michigan	-	10	71	19
Minnesota	9	27	60	4
Mississippi	24	42	33	1
Missouri	10	45	45	-
Montana	17	33	49	1
Nebraska	21	26	50	3
Nevada	5	15	75	5
New Hampshire	-	-	50	50
New Jersey	-	-	67	33
New Mexico	35	43	21	1
New York	-	4	68	28
North Carolina	4	19	75	2
North Dakota	5	20	71	4
Ohio	2	24	64	10
Oklahoma	6	27	66	1
Oregon	10	29	56	5
Pennsylvania	-	-	95	5
Rhode Island	-	-	100	-
South Carolina	6	49	45	-
South Dakota	7	20	71	2
Tennessee	13	41	45	1
Texas	12	42	44	2
Utah	-	8	73	19
Vermont	-	-	42	58
Virginia	7	32	59	2
Washington	24	27	45	4
West Virginia	15	36	49	-
Wisconsin	3	16	77	4
Wyoming	6	39	55	-
48 States	12	29	55	4
Previous week	15	31	51	3
Previous year	20	30	47	3

- Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 26, 2023

[National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	39	45	12	4
Arizona	15	3	82	-
Arkansas	8	18	61	13
California	5	20	75	-
Colorado	15	35	50	-
Connecticut	-	-	-	100
Delaware	1	65	32	2
Florida	3	19	67	11
Georgia	17	27	55	1
Idaho	-	29	69	2
Illinois	17	40	41	2
Indiana	17	35	46	2
Iowa	33	40	26	1
Kansas	37	36	26	1
Kentucky	9	32	59	-
Louisiana	35	48	17	-
Maine	-	-	55	45
Maryland	9	20	69	2
Massachusetts	-	-	98	2
Michigan	2	27	62	9
Minnesota	12	37	49	2
Mississippi	25	46	29	-
Missouri	21	42	37	-
Montana	36	25	38	1
Nebraska	26	37	34	3
Nevada	5	15	75	5
New Hampshire	-	10	90	-
New Jersey	1	1	93	5
New Mexico	36	43	20	1
New York	-	4	75	21
North Carolina	7	36	57	-
North Dakota	7	25	66	2
Ohio	2	35	60	3
Oklahoma	5	38	56	1
Oregon	25	37	37	1
Pennsylvania	-	12	88	-
Rhode Island	-	-	100	-
South Carolina	4	56	40	-
South Dakota	8	27	64	1
Tennessee	19	38	43	-
Texas	15	45	38	2
Utah	-	12	71	17
Vermont	-	-	59	41
Virginia	10	31	57	2
Washington	31	28	39	2
West Virginia	12	38	50	-
Wisconsin	6	24	67	3
Wyoming	12	45	43	-
48 States	17	33	48	2
Previous week	19	34	45	2
Previous year	23	33	42	2

- Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Today's publication is the last weekly Crop Progress report issued for the 2023 season. The first weekly report for 2024 will be released on Monday, April 1, 2024.

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 3,600 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2020 season, over 95 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Field Offices summarize the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates. National crop planting progress, progress of development stages, and condition estimates are weighted using the program State's average planted acres over the previous three crop years. National crop harvest progress estimates are weighted using the program State's average harvested acres over the previous three crop years. Pasture and range condition is weighted using pasture acreage and/or livestock inventories from the most recent Census of Agriculture. Days suitable for fieldwork, topsoil moisture and subsoil moisture are weighted using cropland acreage from the Census of Agriculture.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@usda.gov.

Lance Honig, Chief, Crops Branch	(202) 720-2127
Chris Hawthorn, Head, Field Crops Section	(202) 720-2127
Irwin Anolik – Crop Progress and Condition.....	(202) 720-7621
Joshua Bates – Hemp, Oats, Soybeans.....	(202) 690-3234
Natasha Bruton – Barley, Cotton System Consumption and Stocks, Grain Crushings.....	(202) 690-1042
David Colwell – Fats and Oils, Flour Milling Products.....	(202) 720-8800
Michelle Harder – County Estimates, Hay.....	(202) 690-8533
James Johanson – Rye, Wheat	(202) 720-8068
Greg Lemmons – Corn, Flaxseed, Proso Millet.....	(202) 720-9526
Becky Sommer – Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum	(202) 720-5944
Travis Thorson – Sunflower, Other Oilseeds.....	(202) 720-7369
Jennifer Van Court – Peanuts, Rice.....	(202) 720-2127

Access to NASS Reports

For your convenience, you may access NASS reports and products the following ways:

- All reports are available electronically, at no cost, on the NASS web site: www.nass.usda.gov.
- Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit www.nass.usda.gov and click on “National” or “State” in upper right corner above “search” box to create an account and select the reports you would like to receive.
- Cornell’s Mann Library has launched a new website housing NASS’s and other agency’s archived reports. The new website, <https://usda.library.cornell.edu>. All email subscriptions containing reports will be sent from the new website, <https://usda.library.cornell.edu>. To continue receiving the reports via e-mail, you will have to go to the new website, create a new account and re-subscribe to the reports. If you need instructions to set up an account or subscribe, they are located at: <https://usda.library.cornell.edu/help>. You should whitelist notifications@usda-esmis.library.cornell.edu in your email client to avoid the emails going into spam/junk folders.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@usda.gov.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination against its customers, employees, and applicants for employment on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability, sex, gender identity, religion, reprisal, and where applicable, political beliefs, marital status, familial or parental status, sexual orientation, or all or part of an individual's income is derived from any public assistance program, or protected genetic information in employment or in any program or activity conducted or funded by the Department. (Not all prohibited bases will apply to all programs and/or employment activities.)

If you wish to file a Civil Rights program complaint of discrimination, complete the [USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form](#) (PDF), found online at www.ascr.usda.gov/filing-program-discrimination-complaint-usda-customer, or at any USDA office, or call (866) 632-9992 to request the form. You may also write a letter containing all of the information requested in the form. Send your completed complaint form or letter to us by mail at U.S. Department of Agriculture, Director, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20250-9410, by fax (202) 690-7442 or email at program.intake@usda.gov.